# THE TRI-WEEKLY STANDARD.

amount of duties accrued, or which should ac-

circulation and of all such deposits, for the six months next preceding. And there shall be an-

nexed to every such list or return a declaration,

under oath or affirmation, to be made in form and

some other proper officer of said bank, associa-tion, corporation, or individual, respectively, that the same contains a true and faithful account

shall forfeit, as a p-nalty, the sum of five hundred doilars. And such bank, association, corpora-

tion, or individual shall, upon rendering the list

internal revonus the amount of the duties due

on such list or return, and in default thereof shall

forfeit, as a penalty, the sum of five hundred dol-

ties as aloresaid, for the space of thirty days after the time when said list should have been made or

rendered or when said duties shall have become

Approved, Marca 3, 1863.

two, and for other Purposes.

printed.

CHAP LXXIV

assessed by section seventy-seven of said act.

That section twenty eight be, and hereby is,

at the time of rendering the account of the same,

consequence of being employed to purchase, rent, or sell real estate, or to collect rent thereon for

graph number sixteen by inserting after the word "taverns," the words, "or eating houses;" by adding to paragraph number twenty-eight the following words: "Nor shall apothecaries who have taken out a license as such be required to take

out a license as retail dealers in liquors in conse-quence of selling alcohol;" and in paragraph number twenty nine by inserting after the word "merchandise," "or who shall manufacture by hand or machinery, for any other person, or per-

Sons, goods, wares, or merchandise."
That section sixty-four be, and hereby is, further

mended by adding, at the end thereof, the fellowing paragraphs:
"Thirty-tour, Architects and civil engineers shall pay ten doltars for each license. Every

person whose business it is to plan, design, or superintend the construction of buildings, or of ships, or of roads, or bridges, or canals, or rail

roads, shall be regarded as an architect and civil engineer under this act: Provided, That this

shall not include a practical carpenter who labors

on a building.
"Thirty-live. Builders and contractors shall

pay twenty-five dollars for each license. Every person whose business it is to construct buildings, or ships, or bridges, or canals, or radroads

by contract, shall be regarded as a builder and contractor under this act: Provided, That no

five hundred dollars in any one year.

"LIBERTY AND UNION, NOW AND FOREVER, ONE AND INSEPARABLE." .- Daniel Webster.

VOL. I.

J. W. HOLDEN, W. W. HOLDEN. W. W. HOLDEN & SON, EDITORS OF THE STANDARD, And authorized publishers of the Laws of the United

# RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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To those who get up clubs of five or more subscribers one copy, gratis, will be furnished. A cross × mark on the paper indicates the expiration of the subscription.

## RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Ten lines or one inch space to constitute

One square, one insertion, Each subsequent insertion, Liberal deduction made, by special contract, to

large advertisers. Court advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the regular rates. Special Notices charged 50 per cent. higher

than ordinary advertisements. For advertisements inserted irregularly, 25 per cent higher than usual rates will be charged. No paper in the South has advertising facilities

superior to the Standard. Letters must be addressed to W. W. HOLDEN & SON,

### OFFICIAL.

## LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Pessed at the Third Session of the Thirty-seventh A. D. 1863.

LIN, Vice President, and President of the Senate. Solomon FOOTE was elected President of the Senate, pro tempore, on the eightenth, day of July, and continued so to act until the day of July, and continued so to act until the carrier on a mail route.

close of the session. Galusha A. Grow, Sec. 32. And be it further enacted, That, for Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That the postmaster of any office where letter-carriers are employed may controct with the publishers of any circulars, for the delivery by postal-carriers, within his postal district, of any such publicating not coming furough the mails, at rates and and upon terms to be agreed upon, such arrangement and terms being equally open to all like publishers; but such contract shall have no force.

Sec. 33. And be it further enacted, That the courts as prima facile evidence of such delivery. Sec. 33. And be it further enacted, That the postage on matter classed as printed matter, and also on that classed as miscellaneous matter, is four ounces avoirdupois, subject to the exception in the next following section provided. gement and terms being equally open to all like in the next following section provided.

publishers; but such contract shall have no force or effect until approved by the Postmaster-scene rate of postage on transient mallable matter of by regulation for the delivery by such carriers of small packets other than letters or papers, and not exceeding the maximum weight of manable packages; but such packages must be prepaid by

taore toan four pounds, except books published ed by order of Congress.
And be it further emeted, That up-

on t. e following mailable matter the postage card printed or impressed upon an envelope or must be prepaid at the time of mailing, by stamps wrapper. These rates must in all cases be prepaid uniess omerwise expressly provided in this rirst. Upon all domestic letters, whether pas-

banas, flexible patierns, samples, and sample cards, paonograpaic paper, letter envelopes, postal cavelones, paper, and photograpaic representations are proportional transfer of the United States between any postal timercia, the rate for each quarter of the year small between twice a week, five between twice a week, the cents; issued

publication at stated periods and sent to regular

Sec. 19. And be i further enacted, That milaable matter small be divided into three clases, namely; first, letters; second, regular printed matter; third, miscellaneous matter.

Sec. 20. And be it further enated. That the first class embraces all correspondences, wholly or partly in writing, except that mentioned in the Unit class. The second class embraces all mailable matter exclusively in print, and regularly about the control of t issued at stated periods, without addition by writing, mark, or sign. The third class embraces all other matter which is or may hereafter be by law declared mailable; embracing all pamphlets, occasional publications, books, book manuscripts, and proof sheets, whether corrected or not, maps, prints, engravings, blanks, flexible patterns, samplus, engravings, blanks, flexible patterns, samples and sample cards, phonographic paper, letter envelopes, postal envelopes, or wrappers, cards, paper, plain or omamental, photographic representations of different types, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, parts and educations.

bulbs, roots, and scions. 21 And be it further enacted, That the maxima standard weight for the single rate of letter postage is one half ounce av sirdupois. Sec. 22. And be it further enacted, that the rate of postage on all domestic letters transmitted in the mails of the United States, and not exceeding one half ounce in weight, shall be uniform at turee cents; and for each half ounce, or fraction thereof of additional weight, there shall be chargee an additional rate of three cents, to be in all cases prepaid by postage stamps plainly af-

through the mails of the United States, but de-livered through the post-office or its carriers, commonly described as local or drop letters, and not exceeding one half ounce in weight, shall be uniform at two cents, and an additional rate for each half ounce in the state of additional each half onnee or traction thereof of additional weight, to be it als cases preprid by postage stamps affixed to the envelope of such letter, but no extra postage or carrier's fee shall hereafter be charged or collected upon letters delivered by carriers, nor upon letters collected by them for mailing or for delivery.

Sec. 24. And be it further enacted, That the

Tri-Weekly Standard. ter, or which is sent in violation of law or regula ions of the department touching the enclosure of matter which may be sent at less than letter rates and to a little to the collection. rates, and for all matter introduced into the mails for which no different rate is provided by law: Provided, That book manuscripts and corrected proofs passing between auth rs and publishers may pass at the rate of printed matter: And provided further, That publishers of newspapers and periodicals may print or write upon their publications sent to regular subscribers the adiress of subscribers and the date when the subscription expires, and may enclose therewith re-ceipts for payment and bills for subscription

Sec. 25. And be it further enacted, That on all matter not enumerated as mailable matter, and to waica no specific rates of postage are assigned, and which shall nevertheless be mailed, the rate, it the same shall be forwarded, is established at

the rate of letter postage.

Sec. 26. An be it further enacted, That if any matter on waich by law the postage is required to be prepaid at the mailing office shall reach its destination without such prepayment, double the prepaid rates shall be enarged and collected

on delivery. Sec. 27. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General is authorized to provide by national regulation for transmitting unpaid and duly certified letters of soldiers, saliors, and ma-rines in the service of the United States to destination; and all other letters which from accident or neglect appear to have been deposited for maning without prepayment of postage, where, in the latter class, the writer is not known, or cannot be promptly advised of his default; but in all cases of letters not prepaid, except certified sodiers' and naval letters, the same shall be energed with double rates of postage, to be collected on delivery. Sec. 28. And be it further enacted, That when

any writer of a letter on which the postage is prepaid shall indorse in writing or in print upon the outside thereof his name and address, with a request that the same be refu ned to him if not called for or delivered within any number of days, (not to exceed thirty days,) any such letter shall not be advertised nor treated as a dead letter at the office addressed, but shall be returned as requested, charged with the proper postage at the prepaid rate, to be collected on the return delivery; and if not then delivered, shall be treated as a dead letter.

Sec. 29. And be it further enacted, That the postage on returned dead letters, not registered as valuable, shall be three cents for the single rate; on returned dead letters, registered as valuable, double rates shall be charged. Sec. 50. And be it further enacted, That all letters directed to any person not found at the office addressed may be forwarded to any other office where he may be found, with additional

charge of postage therefor, Scc. 31. And be it further enacted, That the Congress, which was began and held at the City of Vashington, in the District of Columbia, on or cause to be pald, a sum not exceeding two Moulty, the first day of Peccaber, A. D. 1862, cents each for all letters conveyed in any vessel Monetay, the first day of Peccanber, A. D. 1862, or steamboat, not employed in carrying the mail, and saded on Wednesday, the 17th day of July, from one port or place to any other port or place in the United States, or from any foreign port to any port within the United States, subject to such PUBLIC ACTS.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President. HANNIBAL HAM

regulations as the Postmaster-General may prescrice, but all such letters shall be deposited in the post office at the port of arrival, for mailing or delivery; and if for delivery within the United States shall be rated with double rates of postage

the greater security of valuable letters posted for transmission in the mails of the United States, the Postmaster-General is authorized to establish Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That all on application of parties posting the same, and expenses for the letter-carriers, branch offices, and receiving boxes, or incident thereto, shall be a registration fee not exceeding twenty cents, on entered and reported in a separate account from the ordinary postal expenses of such post office, by postmasters receiving the same in such manned shall be snawn in comparison with the proceeds of the postages on local mail matter at each office, in order that the Postmaster-General may be guided in the expenditures for that branch of the postal service by the income derived therefrom; and all such expenses shall be paid out of the income of the post-office at the district in which they are incurred. to whom and when such registered letter was de Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That the livered, which receipt shall be received in the

rad. The Postmaster-General may also provide the second class, and also on all miscellaneous by regulation for the derivery by such carriers of mailable matter of the third class, (except circumatable matter) ars and books.) shall be two cents for each tour ounces or fraction thereof contained in any one package to, one address; and such postage shall four ounces or fraction thereof.

Sec. 16. And be it inriner enacted, That no postmaster shall receive to be conveyed by the mait any packet or package which shall weign there man four pounds, except books norther than four pounds, except books norther than the pounds of the pounds for a greater number, adding one rate for three circulars, or .ess number thereof, directed to one address. No extra postage shall be charged for a

wrapper. These rates must in all cases be prepaid by stamps. Sec. 35. And be it further enacted, That the rate of postage upon mailable matter of the secthe Copon an domestic letters, whether passes a first for one in the second control of t tations of different types.

Fourtu. Upon all other things in the mail not three times a week, fitteen cents; issued six times of acraige herein provided for.

See, 18. And be it further emacted, That upon the following mailable matter the postage shall be paid before delivery for not 1 as than one quarter nor more than one year; and such payonate for each issue more frequent than one quarter nor more than one year; and such payonate for each issue more frequent than one quarter nor more than one year; and such payonate for each issue more frequent than one are small be energed; and on the same scale, an additional rate small be energed; ing office or at the office of the delivery. If the tional rate for each additional weight of four term commences at any other time than at the onnees or fraction thereof; and such postage beganing of a quarter, such payment must be must be prepaid for a term not less than one made to cover such fractional quarter, and also quarter nor more than one year, at either the offor the next following quarter; otherwise the postage shall be collected thereon as on transient subscriber, of which payments a record shall be matter. Upon regular weekly, try weekly, semi-weekly, and dayly publications, and all other re-gular publications, issued from a known office of the office until such payment is made; but the the office unti-such payment is made; but the publishers of weekly newspapers may send to ach actual subscriber within the county where there papers are printed and published one copy

Sec. 36. And be it further enacted, That the rate of postage upon mailable matter of the secass, issued less frequently than once a week, from a known office of publication, and sent to regular subscribers, shall be as tollows: Upon newspapers, magazines, and other periodical publications, each not exceeding the standard weight of four ounces, and passing through the mails or post offices of the United States between any points therein, the rate for each such paper or periodical shall be one cent, and an additional rate of one cent for each additional weight of four ounces or fraction thereof: Provided, That the Postmaster-General may provide by regula-tion for the transportation of small newspapers in packages at the same rate by the standard weight of the package when sent to one address; and the rates herein provided must be prepaid at either the office of mailing or of delivery, at the option of the subscriber, for a term not les than one quarter nor more than one year, except that news-dealers may pay the postage upon their packages as received at the same rates pro rata as

yearly or semi-annual subscribers who pay post age quarterly in advance. age quarterly in advance.

Sec. 37. And be it further enacted, That publishers may enclose in their publications sent to regular subscribers the bilis for subscription thereto without any additional charge for post-Sec. 23. And be it further enacted, That the rate of postage on all leters not transmitted through the mails of the United State below. age, and may write or print upon their publicashall subject the same to letter postage, which shall be collected before the delivery thereof. Sec. 38. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General may from time to time pro-vide by order the rates and terms upon which route agents may receive and deliver at the mail car or steamer packages of newspapers and periodicals delivered to them for that purpose by the publishers, or any n ws agent in charge thereof, and not received from, nor designed for delivery

Sec. 24. And be it further enacted. That the domestic letter rate of postage is established for all mailable matter which is wholly or partly in writing, or so marked as to convey any other or fartaer intelligence or information than is conveyed by the original print in case of printed matat any post-office.

RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1866.

be subject to letter postage. He may also provide by regulation for ascertaining by turnished lists, by affidavit or otherwise, whether publish ers send or have sent their publications unpuld through the mails to other than their regular sub-

Sec. 40. And be it further enacted. That post-

masters, at the office of delivery, are authorized, and it shall be their duty, to remove the wiap pers and envelopes from printed and other a atter not enarged with letter postage, nor lawfully franked, for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is upon, or connected with, any such prined matter or in such package any matter or thing which would authorize or require the charge or a nigaer rate of postage thereon.
Sec. 41. And be it further enacted, That the

Postmaster-General may require an affidavit in form, to be prescribed by general regulation, to be prescribed by general regulation, to be taken by any publisher, or any clerk, agent, or at the treasury in the city of Washington, or at servant of such publisher of any paper or periodical, which, by the terms of this act, may be designated for t at purpose, for United States sent to regular subscribers without prepayment of postage at the mailing office, to the effect that neither he nor any other proprietor, elerk, agent, or employe, within his knowledge, has sent, or caused or permitted to be sent, through the mails, without prepayment by postage stamps, any copies of such paper or periodical, (maning it,) except the same were sent to bona fide and reguiar subscribers thereto. And if it be ascertained that such papers or periodicals have been thus unlawfully sent, with the knowledge or consent of such proprietors, or of the agent and eierk in charge of that business, or it such affidavit, when required by the Postmaster-General, or by a special agent of the Post-Office Department, shall if herearty for such explanations of dollars, which may be used if herearty for such explanations but to be used of the post of the pos be refused, the person guitty of such offence, or refusing such oath, shall be liable to a fine or the United States notes authorized by this section fifty dollars in each case, to be recovered by suit

thority to frank mail matter is conferred upon and limited to the following persons. First The President of the United States, by himself or his private secretary. Second. The Vice-President of the United States. Third. The chiefs of the several public service, for the payment of the army and eral executive departments. Fourth, Such prin-cipal officers, being heads of bureaus or chief cierks, of each executive department, to be used only for official communications, as the Postmaster General shall by regulation prescribe. Fifth, pondence to and from them, and all printed matter is need by authority of Congress, and all speeches, proceedingt, and debates in Congress, and all printed matter sent to them; their hanking privilege to commence with the term for ch they are elected and to expire on the first Seventh. Postmasters have also the tranking be prepaid by postage stamps privilege hereimbefore granted shall be limited to same shall cease and determine, backages weigning not exceeding four ounces. Sec. 4. And be it further chart except petitions to Congress and congressional or executive documents, and such publications or books as have or may be published, procured, or purchased by order of either House of Con-gress, or a joint resolution of the two Houses, which shall be considered as public documents, and entitled to be franked as such; and except tion of the Postmaster-General.

Sec. 43. And be it further enacted, That all publishers of periodicals, magazines, and news. receivable or postage and revenue stamps, and papers which shall not exceed sixteen ounces in also in payment of any dues to the United States

act shall be in force and take effect from and after the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and Sec. 45. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistents with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed. Approved, March 3, 1863.

CHAP. LXXII.

An Act to disapprove of the twenty-six Section Territory of Nevada, and for other Purposes.

Be it enac.ed by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section twenty-six of an act of the Legislative Assembly of the Terri-tory of Nevada entitled "An act to provide for the formation of corporations for certain purposes," approved December twenty, eignteen nundred rnd sixty-two, said section being as follows: "Section 26. All corporations heretofore formed under the provisions of acts of incorpora-tion in other States or Territories, and holding or owning property within this Territory of such character as specified in section first of this act, and managed by a board or boards of trustees or directors, and naving their principal place of business outside the limits of this Territory, are here-by required to remove their places of business, rincipal offices, books, and papers, heretolore kept, or necessary for the transaction of such business, to some point to be designated by said corporation, within the limits of this Territory, within six months after the passage of this act or otherwise such corporation or corporations shall be disregarded in law as a corporation, and the corporators or stockholders thereof be treated as temants in common, or joint owners of such property so owned or held within this Territory. Ano corporation, by filing and recording its ecr-tificate of incorporation, or a certified copy thereof, with the secretary of the Territory, and with the clerk of the county in which such corporation may locate as the principal place of business, and fully complying with all the provisions of this act, shall be deemed sufficient to entitle such corporation to all rights and privileges under the provisions of this act," be made and the same is hereby disapproved, and the same is hereby annulled and made void.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all incorporated companies, duly organized within any state or territory of the United States, may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, in the several courts of the Territory of Nevada, any thing in the laws of said Territory to the contrary

Approved, March 2, 1863.

CHAP. LXXIII. An Act to provide Ways and Means for the Sup-

port of the Government. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repone hundred thousand and not over two numbers of the United States of America in Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to borrow, from time to time, on the credit of the United States, a sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars, seventy per centum thereof; over the United States, a sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars, sixty per centum thereof; over milions of dollars for the current fiscal year, and six hundred millions for the next fiscal year, and is hundred millions for the next fiscal year, and to issue therefor compon or registered bonds. content States, a sum not exceeding three hundred millions of dollars for the current fiscal year, and six hundred millions tor the next fiscal year, and to issue therefor coupon or registered bonds, payable at the pleasure of the Government after such periods as may be fixed by the Secretar, not less than ten nor more than forty years from date, in coin, and of such denominations not less than it y dollars as he may deem expedient, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable on bonds not exceeding one hundred dollars, annually, and on all other bonds semi-annually, in coin; and he may, in his discretion, dispose of such bonds at any time, upon such terms as he may deem most advisable, for hawful money of the United States, or for any of the certificates of indebtedness or deposit that may at any time be unpaid, or for any of the treasury notes herefolore issued or which may be issued under the provisions of this act. And all the bonds and treasury notes United States notes issued under the provisions of this act shall be exempt from taxation by or under state or municipal anthority. Provided Thousand dollars, sixty per centum thereof; over five hundred thousand and not over one milion of dollars, firty per centum thereof; over one milion and not over issued under the provisions of this act shall be exempt from taxation by or under state or muniexempt from taxation by or un

and if not so wrapped and secured, the same shall ury notes, payable at the pleasure of the United all banks, associations, or corporations, and indi-Sates, or at such time or times not exceeding turee years from date as may be found most beneviduals issuing or reissuing notes or bills for cir-

sicial to the public interests, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable at periods expressed on the face of said treasury notes; and the interest on the said treasury notes and on certificates of indebtedness and deposit hereafter issued, shall be paid in lawful money. The treasury notes thus issued shall be of such denomination as the Secretary may direct not less than ten dollars, and may be disposed of on the best terms that can be obtained, or may be paid to any creditor of the United States willing to receive the same at par. And said treasury notes may be made a legal tender to the same extent as United States notes, for their face value excluding interest; or they may be made exnotes equal in amount to the treasury notes of-fered for exchange, together with the interest acerued and due thereon at the date of interest pay-ment next preceding such exchange. And in lieu of any amount of said treasury notes thus excang-ed, or redeemed or paid at maturity, the Sceretary may issue an equal amount of other treasury notes; and the treasury notes so exchanged, redeemed, or paid, shall be cancelled and destroyed as the Secretary may direct. In order to secure certain and prompt exchanges of United of States notes for treasury notes when required as above shall be issued for or applied to my other purbefore any court of competent jurisdiction one half of which when recovered shall be paid to the informer.

poses than said exenanges; and whenever any amount shall have been so issued and applied, the same shall be replaced as soon as practicable. Sec. 42. And be it further enacted, That au- from the sales of treasury notes for United States

navy, and other creditors of the government, to issue on the credit of the United States the sum of one hundred and fifty millions of dollars of United States notes, including the amount of such notes heretologe authorized by the joint resolu-Senators and representatives in the Congress of the United States, including delegates from territories, the secretary of the senate and clerk of the House of Representatives; to cover corres far, as he may prescribe, which notes so issued shall be lawful money and a legal tender in pay-ment of all debts, public and private, witain the United States, except for duties on imports and interest on the public debt; and any of the said notes, when returned to the treasury, may be re Monday of December tollowing such term of office. Sixth, All official communications addressed to citaer of the executive departments of
Government by an officer responsible to that department: That in all such cases the envelope
shall be marked "official," with the signature
thereto of the officer writing the communication.

Seventh Postmasters have also the training issue of United States notes, and for other purouter postmasters: Provided, That in all such cases the envelope shall be marked 'official' with the signature of the writer thereto, and for any and every such endorsement of 'official' lalsely made the person making the same chall for the signature of the writer thereto, and for any and for other purposes, approved July eleven, eighteen hundred and sixty-two as recommended. and pay three hundred dollars. Eighth. Petitions to citaer branch of Congress shall pass free in issued under and by virtue of said acts shall men to either branch of Congress shall pass free in the mails. Ninth, All communications addressed to any of the franking officers above described, and not excepted in the foregoing causes, must the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-

Inree, and thereafter the See, 4. And be it further enacted. That in lieu of possage and revenue stamps for fractional currency, and of fractional notes, commonly called postage currency, issued or to be issued, the Sec-retary of the Trea-ury may issue fractional notes of like amounts in such form as he may deem ex-pedient, and may provide for the engraving, pre paration, and issue thereof in the treasury department building. And all such notes issued shall be exchangeable by the assistant-treasurers and designated depositaries for United States notes, in sums not less than three dollars, and shall be less than five dollars, except duties on imports, and shall be redeemed on presentation at the weight shall be allowed to interenange their publications reciprocally free of postage: Provided, That such interchange shall be confined to a single copy of each publication.

Sec. 44. And be it further enacted, That this Sec. 44. And be it further enacted, That this whole amount of fractional currency issued, instance of the confined and after the state of the confined and the such as the secretary of the treasury shall prescribe: Provided, That the whole amount of fractional currency issued, instance of the confined and shall be redeemed on presentation at the treasury of the United States in such sums and under such as the confined and the eluding postage and revenue stamps issued as currency, shall not exceed lifty millions of dollars. Sec. 5 And be it further enacted. That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to receive deposits of good coin and buillon with the treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States, in sums not less than twenty dollars, and to issue certificates therefor, in denominations of not less than twenty dopars each, corresponding with the demanimations of the United States notes. of the Act of the Legislative Asiembly of the The coin and bulifon deposited for or representing the certificates of deposit shall be retained in the treasury for the payment of the same on de mand. And certificates representing coin in the treasury may be issued in payment of interest on the public debt, which certificates, together with those issued for coin and bullion deposited, shall not at any time exceed twenty per centum beyond the amount of coin and bullion in the treasury; and the certificates for coin or bullion in the

treasury shall be received at par in payment for duties on imports.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the coupon or registered bonds, treasury notes, and United States notes authorized by this act shall be in such form as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct, and shall have printed upon them such statements, showing the amount of accrued and the penalties or punishment for altering or counterfeiting them, as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, and shall bear the written or engraved signatures of the treasurer of the United States and the register of the treasury, and also, as evidence of lawful issue, the imprint of a copy of the seal of the Treasury Department, which imprint shall be made, under the direction of the Secretary, after the said notes or bonds shall be received for the engravers and before they are is-sued, or the said notes and bonds shall be signed by the treasurer of the United States, or for the treasurer by such persons as may be specially ap-pointed by the Secretary of the Treasury for that purpose, and shall be countersigned by the register of the treasury, or for the register by such persons as the Secretary of the Treasury may spe-cially appoint for that purpose. And all the pro-visions of the act entitled "An act to authorize the issue of treasury notes," approved the twentythird day of December, eighteen hundred and fifty seven, so far as they can be applied to this act, and not inconsistent therewith, are hereby

revived and reenacted.
See 7. And be it further enacted, That all banks, associations, corporations, or individuals, issuing notes or bits for circulation as currency, shall be subject to and pay a duty of one per centum each half year from and after April first, eighteen hundr. d and sixty-three, upon the average amount of circulation of notes or bills as currency issued beyond the amount hereinafter named, that is to say: banks, associations, corporations, or individuals, having a capital of not over one hundred thousand dollars, ninety per centum thereof; over one hundred thousand and not over two hundred exempt from taxation by or under state or municipal authority: Provided, That there shall be outstanding of bonds, treasury notes, and United States notes, at any time, issued under the provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February and redemption thereof, approved February and redemption thereof, approved February and redemption thereof, outstanding of bonds, treasury notes, and United States notes, at any time, issued under the provisions of this act, no greater amount altogether than the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of the sum of nine nundred millions of dolumns of nine nundred millions of Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to issue, on the credit of the United States, four hundred millions of dollars in treas-

person who keeps a male horse or a jackass for he use of mares, requiring or receiving pay hundred and sixty-three, in sums representing any fractional part of a dollar, shall be subject to scription of the animal, its age, and place or places a date of five per centum each mail year ces where used or to be used: Provided, That all

notes or bills so issued. And all banks, associations, corporations, and individuals receiving design, shall be invalid and of no force in any court posits of money subject to payment on check or or law or equity, draft, except savings institutions, shall be subject "Tairty seven. Lottery-ticket dealers shall pay to a duty of one eighth of one per centum each one thousand dollars for each license. Every half year from and after April first, eighteen hundred and sixiy-three, upon the average amount of such deposits beyond the average amount of shall make, sell, or offer to sell lottery tickets or fractional parta thereof, or any token, certificate, their circulating notes or bills lawfully issued and outstanding as currency. And a list or return shall be made and rendered within thirty days after the first day of October, eighteen hundred manage any lottery or prepare schemes of lot included in the first day of October, eighteen hundred manage any lottery or prepare schemes of lot included in the first day of october, eighteen hundred in the first day of october, eighteen hund to the commissioner of internal revenue, which shall contain a true and faithful account of the

"Tairty-eight. Insurance agents shall pay ter crue, on the full amount of the fractional note dollars for each license. Any person who shall circulation and on the average amount of all other act as agent of any fire, marine, life, mutual or other insurance company, or companies, shall be regarded as an insurance agent under this act: Provided, Taat no license shall be required of any insurance agent or broker whose receipts as manner as shall be prescribed by the commissioner of internal revenue, of the president, or dollars in any one year. such agent are less than the sum of six hundred "Thirty-nine, Butchers shall pay ten dollars for each ficense. Every person whose business it is to sell butchers' meat at retail shall be re-

of the duties which have accounted for; and for any default in the delivery of such list or return, with such declaration as nexed, the bank, association, and the delivery of such list or return, with such declaration as nexed, the bank, association, such declaration as nexed, the bank, association, selling other articles at the same store, stall, or return to the same store, and the same store store, and the same store store, and the same store store store, and the same store stor premises: Provided further, That butchers who retail butchers' meat exclusively from a cart or wagon, by themselves or agents, shall be reorreturn as aforesaid, pay to the commissioner of quired to pay five dollars only for each license, any existing law to the contrary notwithstanding, and having taken out a license therefor shall not be required to take out a license as a pedier lars; and in case of neglect or refusal to make for retailing batchers' meat, as aforesaid: And such list or return as aforesaid, or to pay the duprovided further, That no license shall be required of a butener whose annual sales do not exceed one thousand dollars. Forty, Retail dealers shall pay ten dollars

due and payable, the assessment and collection shall be made according to the general provisions prescribed in an act entitled "An act to provide laternal revenue to support the Government and mestic production, not including wines, spirituto pay interest on the public debt," approved July one, eighten hundred and sixty-two.

Sec. 8. And be it further exacted, That, in order to prevent and punish counterfeiting and trandulent alterations of the bonds, notes, and fractional garded as a retail dealer under this act, currency authorized to be issued by this act, all "Forty-one Wholesale dealers, whose annual currency authorized to be issued by this act, all "Forty-one Wholesale dealers, whose annual currency authorized to be issued by this act, all "Forty-one Wholesale dealers, whose annual currency are the control of the contr the provisions of the sixth and seventh sections sales do not exceed fifty thousand dollars, shall of the act entitled "An act to authorize the issue pay tweaty-five dollars for each heense; if ex-of 'nited States notes, and for the redemption or ceeding they thousend, and not exceeding one funding thereof, and for funding the floating debt of the United States," approved February to the undered and sixty-two, shall, so far as applicable, apply to the bonds, notes, and fractional currency nereby authorized to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to be issued, in like manner as if the said sixth and to be issued. seventh sections were hereby adopted as additional seventh sections of this act. And the provisions and penalties of said sixth and seventh sections shall extend and apply to all persons who shall imitate, counterfeit, make, or shall any paper-such as the used, or provided to be used, for the fractional notes prepared, or to be prepared, in the treasury department building, and to an officials of the treasury department engaged in engraving and preparing the bonds, notes, and fractional correctly authorized to be issued, and to all official and knofficial persons in any manner cumployed under the provisions of this act. And the sum of six handred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secrenot otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secre-tary of the Treasury to carry this act into effect. liquors or wines, but not excluding drugs, medi-ches, cigars, shuff or tobacco, whose annual sales exceed twenty-five thousand dollars; and the decase required by any wholesale dealer shall not be for a less amount than his sales for the previous year, unless ne has made or proposes to make some change in his business that will ob-An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Govern-ment and pay Interest on the Public Debt," nor shall any license as wholesale dealer allow

any such person to act as a commercial broker: approved July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-" Porty-two, Wholesale dealers in liquors shall Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That "An act to provide ony for each decase the amount required in this act for license to wholesale dealers. Every person other than the distiller or brewer, who shall internal revenue to support the Government and pay interest on the public debt," approved July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, be, and the seil or offer for sale any distilled spirits, fermen-ted inquors, and wines of all kinds, in quantities of more than three gallous at one time, or whose same hereby is, amend [ed] as hereinalter set forth,

dollars, shall take out a license as a wholesale That wherever any written notice, or other instrument in writing, is required, the same shall be lawful if written or partly written and " Forty-three, Retail dealers in liquors shall pay twenty dollars for each Reense. Every person other than a distiller or brewer, who shall sell or offer for sale any distilled spirits, fermented fiquoes, or wine of any description, in quantities of three gailons or less, and whose annual That section eleven be, and hereby is, amended so as to authorize assistant assessors to perform any duties therein imposed upon the assessors. That section nineteen be so amended that the deputy collector, as well as the collector, may perform all the duties required of the said collecales do not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars. shall be regarded as a retail dealer in liquors un der tids law; but nothing herein contained shall authorize the sale of any spirits, liquors, wines or tor in the said section; and any notice required by said section to persons who neglect to pay their taxes may be sent by mail or left at the dwellings or usual places of business of such per malt liquors to be drank on the premises: Pro vided. That no person licensed to keep a hotel, inn or tavern, shall be allowed to sell any liquors sons, it any they have, written or printed, and soils, if any they have, written or printed, and said notice shall state the amount of duty or tax for which such persons are liable, including the ten per centum additional, as provided for in said section, demanding payment of the same; and to be taken off the premises, and no person licensed to keep an eating-house shall be allowed to sell spirituous or vinous liquors. And no per son who has taken out a liceuse to keep a hotel. inn, tavern or cating-house, shall be required to take out a license as a tobacconist because of any with respect to all such duties or taxes as are not included in the annual lists as provided for in said tobacco or cigars furnished in the usual course of section, and all taxes and duties the collection of which is not otherwise provided for in said act,

ou-liness as a keeper of a hotel, inn, tavern, or

cating-house." It shall be the duty of each collector in person or by deputy to demand payment therefor, in the manner provided, within ten days from and after the expiration of the time within which such duty or tax should have been paid; and any copy of distraint shall be left at the dwelling copy of of baryles," the words "and paints and painters' colors;" by inserting before the words "on lard distraint shall be left at the dwelling or usual place of business of the owner or possessor of the place of business of the owner or possessor of the old," and attached to the next preceding sen-property distrained; Provided, That such special tence, as follows; "and all duties or taxes on demand shall not be necessary in respect to taxes coal mined and delivered by coal operators at the mines on contracts made prior to July the first, amended, by striking out the words "forieit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars," and inserting in heu thereof "upon conviction thereof by a court of competent jurisdiction, forieit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned for a term not exceeding two years at the file purchasers thereof:" by striking out the pulceusers thereof: on sugar, refined, whether look, lump, granulated or pulverized, two mills per pound; on sugar, refined, or made from molasses, syrup of molasses, include, or concentration. eighteen hundred and sixty-two, shall be paid by iasses, syrup of molasses, inclade, or concentra-ted diciado, two mills per pound," and inserting in lieu thereof as follows: "sugar refiners shall pay one and one-half of one per cent. on the for a term not exceeding two years, at the direre-tion of the court." That section forty-three be amended by strikgross amount of the sales of all the products of their manufactories: Provided, That every pering out the following words: "and any person who shall use any cask or package so marked, for the purpose of selling spirits of a quality different penalty for each cask or package so used," and inserting in lieu thereof "and any person who shall fraudulently use any cask or package or track. shall fraudulently use any cask or package, so marked for the purpose of selling my other spirits than that so inspected, or for selling spirits of a quality or quantity different from that so inor concentrated melado, by boiling or other pro-cess;" and by inserting therein, in lieu of any spected, shall be subject to a like penalty, as pro-vided for each cask or package so used." other duties, or rates of duty, on the articles bereinster enumerated in this section, or pro-That section forty-four be, and hereby is, amended, by striking out the words "to be contiguous to such distiliery."

That section fitty-five be, and hereby is, amended by inserting that the words. visions existing in relation thereto, the follow-

"On marine engines, three per centum ad vaed by inserting after the words " shall not be paid lerem; "On rivets, exceeding one tourth of one inch in as herein required," the words "or at the time diameter, nuts, wrought railroad chairs, bolts, when they shall have become payable." and horse-shoues, two dollars per ton: Provided, That section sixty-four be, and hereby is, so That where a duty upon the iron from which said amended, "That no license shall be required of articles shall have been made has been actually an attorney having taken out a license as such in | paid of fifty cents per ton. "On rolled brass, copper, and yellow sheating metal, in rods or sheets, one per centum ad va-

others in the ordinary course of business; in para- loren; "On sails, tents, shades, awnings, and bags, made of cotton, flax, or hemp, or part of either, or other materials, three per centum ad valorem Provided, That the sewing of sacils, [sails,] tents, shades, awnings, carpets and bags, the materials whereof belonged to the employer, shall be ex-empt from duty where the cloth or material from which they are made was imported, or has been subject to and paid a duty.

> Saint Mary's School. RALEIGH, N. C.

Right Rev. Thos. Atkinson, D. D., Rev. Aldert Smedes, D. D., Rev. Bennett Smedes, A. M.,

THE FIFTIETH TERM OF THIS SCHOOL

and continue to the 6th of June.

The expenses of a pupil for Board, Washing, &c., with tuition in English, French and Music, per Term, are, in currency, \$189 50.

For a circular, apply to the Rector.

Dec. 11, 1866.

To distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint or the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint or the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint or the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as a vided, That in any case of distraint for the tax so due as license shall be required from any person whose building contracts do not exceed two thousand "Thirty six. Stallions and jacks, owners of, hall pay ten dollars for each license. Every Dec. 11, 1866.

NO. 119.

AWS OF THE UNITED STATES

Passed at the First Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the fourth day of December, A. D. 1865, and ended on Saturday, the twenty-eighthday of July, A. D. 1866."

PUBLIC ACTS.

Andrew Johnson, President. LA FAYETTE S. FOSTER, President of the Senate. LA FAYETTE S. FOSTER was elected President of the Senate pro tempore on the seventh day of March, and so acted until the end of the Session. SCHUYLER COLFAX, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. CLXXXIV .- CONTINUED.

An Act to reduce Internal Taxation and to amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, to pay Interest on the Public Debt, and for other Purposes," approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and Acts amendatory thereof.

That section twenty four be amended by striking out the proviso thereto, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: Provided, that in calcula-ting the commissions of assessors and collectors of internal revenue in districts whence cotton or distilled spirits are shipped in bond to be sold in another district, one half the amount of tax received on the quantity of cotton or spirits so shipped shall be added to the amount on which the commissions of such assessors and collectors are calculated, and a corresponding amount shall be deducted from the amount on which the commissions of the assessors and collectors of the districts to which such sotton or spirits are ship

That section twenty-six be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following: That in the adjustment of the accounts of assessors and collectors of internal revenue which shall accrue after the thirtieth of June, eighteen handred and sixty-four, and in the payment of their compensation for services after that date, the fiscal year of the treasury shall be observed; and where such com-pensation, or any part of it, shall be by commis-sions upon assessments or collections, and shall during any year, in consequence of a new appointment, be die to more than one assessor or collector in the same district, such commissions shall be apportioned between such assessors or collec-tors; but in no case shall a greator amount of the commissions be allowed to two or more assessors or collectors in the same district than is or may be authorized by law to be allowed to one assessor or collector. And the salary and commissions of assessors and collectors heretofore earned and accrued shall be adjusted, allowed, and paid in confermity to the provisions of this section, and not otherwise; but no payment shall be made to assessors or collectors on account of salaries or commissions without the certificate of the commissioner of internal revenue that all reports required by law or regulation have been received, or that a satisfactory explanation has been ren-dered to him of the cause of the delay. That section twenty-eight be amended by stri-

king out all after the enacting clause, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: That each of said collectors shall, within twenty days after re-ceiving his annual collection list from the assessors, give notice, by advertisement in one newsdistrict, if there be any, and if not, then in newspaper published in an adjoining county, and by notingations to be posted in at least four publie places in each county in his collection district, that the said taxes have become due and payable, and state the time and place within said county at which he or his deputy will attend to receive the same, which time shall not be less than ten days after the date of such notification, and shall send n the county, to be posted in his office. And if any person shall neglect to pay, as aforesaid, for more than ten days, it shall be the duty of the collector or his deputy to issue to such person a notice, to be left at his dwelling or usual place of business, or be sent by mail, demanding the pay-ment of said taxes, stating the amount thereof, with a fee of twenty cents for the issuing and service of such no ice, and with four cents for each mile actually and necessarily travelled in serving the same. And if such persons shall not pay the duties or taxes, and the lee of twenty cents and mileage as aforesaid, within ten days after the service of the sending by mail of such notice, it shall be the duty of the collector or his deputy to collect the said taxes and fee of twenty cents and mileage, with a penalty of ten per centum addi-tional upon the amount of taxes. And with re-spect to all such taxes as are not included in the annual lists aroresaid, all taxes the collection of which is not otherwise provided for in this act, it shall be the duty of each colletor, in person or by deputy, to give notice and demand payment thereor, in the manner last mentioned, within ten days from and after receiving the list thereof from the assessor, or within twenty days from and after the expiration of the time within which such tax should have been paid; and if the annual or other taxes shall not be paid within ten days from and after such notice and demand, it shall be lawful for such collector, or his deputies, to proceed to collect the said taxes, with ten per centum additional thereto, as aforesaid, by distraint and sale of the goods, chattles, or effects, including stocks, securities, and evidences of debt, of the persons delinquent as aforesaid. And in case of distraint, it shall be the duty of the officer charged with the collection to make, or cause to be made, an acof which, signed by the officer making such dis-traint, shall be left with the owner or possessor of such goods or effects, or at his or her dwelling or usual place of business, with some person of suitable age and discretion, it any such can be found, with a note of the sum demanded, and the time and place of sale; and the said officer shall forthwith cause a notification to be published in some newspaper within the county where in said distraint is made, if there is a newspaper published in said county, or to be public y posted at the post office, if there be one within five miles, nearest to the residence of the person whose property shall be distrained, and in not less than two other public places, which notice shall specify the articles distrained, and the time and place for the sale thereof, which time shall not be less than ten nor more than twenty days from the date of such notification to the owner or possessor of the property and the publication or posting of such no-tice as herein provided, and the place proposed for sale shall not be more than five miles distant from the place of making such distraint. And said sale may be adjourned from time to time by said officer, if he shall think it advisable to do so, but not for a time to exceed in all thirty days. And if any person, bank, association, company, or corporation, liable to pay any tax, shall neglect or retuse to pay the same after demand, the amount shall be a lien in favor of the United States from the time it was due until paid, with the interest, penalties, and costs that may accrue in addition thereto, upon all property and rights to property belonging to such person, bank, association, company, or corporation; and the collector, after demand, may levy, or by warrant may authorize a deputy collector to levy, upon all property and rights to property belonging to such person, bank, association, company or corporation, or on which the said lien exists, for the payment of the same days as forces. payment of the sum due as aforesaid, with inter-est and penalty for non-payment, and also of such further sum as shall be sufficient for the fees, costs and expenses of such levy. And in all cases of sale, as aforesaid, the certificate of such sale shall transfer to the purchaser all right, title and interest of such delinquent in and to the property sold; and where such property shall consist of stocks, said certificate shall be notice, when received stocks, said certificate shall be notice, when re-ceived, to any corporation, company, or associa-tion of said transfer, and shall be authority to such corporation, company, or association to re-cord the same on their books and records, in the same manner as if transferred or assigned by the person or party holding the same, in lien of any original or prior certificates, which shall be vold, wnether cancelled or not. And said certificates. where the subject of sale shall be securities or other evidences of debt, shall be good and valid receipts to the person holding the same, as against any persons holding, or claiming to hold, possession of such securities or other evidences of debt. And all persons, and officers of companies or corporations, are required, on demand of a collector or deputy collector about to distrain, or having distrained on any newspars or rights of property

distrained on any property or rights of property, to exhibit all boos s containing evidence or state-ments relating to the subject or subjects of dis-

traint, or the property or rights of property liable to distraint for the tax so due as aforesasd: Pro-

vided, That in any case of distraint for the payment of the taxes aforesaid, the goods, chattels or effects so distrained shall and may be restored

to the owner or possessor, if, prior to the sale,